Pharm D III Year (6 YDC) (Main & Backlog) Examination, September 2023 Subject: Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence

Time: 3 Hours

PART-A

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

Max. Marks: 70

- 1. What are the Objectives of Pharmacy Act 1948?
- 2. What is Schedule P & Schedule Y as per Drug & Cosmetic Act?
- 3. What are the different types of IPR?
- 4. What is Repacking license?

Note: Answer all the questions.

- 5. Write the function of Drug Consultative Committee?
- 6. Define Drug & Magic Remedies Act.
- 7. Give the labelling requirements for Schedule H drug.
- 8. What are Prescription & Non Prescription drugs with examples?
- 9. Write the Objectives of essential commodities Act 1955?
- 10. Write the functions of government analyst?

PART-B

Note: Answer any five questions.

(5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

- 11. Explain the Constitution & functions of PCI.
- 12. Explain about the Schedule N of Drugs & Cosmetic Act 1940.
- 13. Explain the Construction of Bonded & Non-Bonded Laboratory.
- 14. Explain the code of pharmaceutical ethics.
- 15. Explain in detail objectives and targets of National Drug Policies 2002.
- 16. Explain cultivation, production and manufacturing of Opium under NDPS Act.
- 17. Give the various offences and penalties mentioned under NDPS Act and Rules.

LIBRARY ST.PAULS COLLEGE OF PHARMACY HYDERABAD

Pharm D III-Year (6 YDC) (Main & Backlog) Examination, September 2023 Subject: Pharmaceutical Analysis

Time: 3 Hours

PART - A

Note: Answer all the questions.

- 1. Write the different factors effecting fluorescence phenomenon.
- 2. Define validation and give the importance of validation of analytical methods.
- 3. Distinguish between HPLC and HPTLC.
- 4. Define the terms (a) Residual current (b) Diffusion current.
- 5. Write Ilkovic's equation and explain?
- 6. Write the principle involved in AAS.
- 7. Explain Bathochromic and Hypsochromic shifts with examples.
- 8. Give the applications of x-ray diffraction.
- 9. Write about the reference standard used in NMR.
- 10. Give the principle involved in Thin Layer Chromatography.

PART – B

Note: Answer any five questions.

- 11. Write ICH guidelines for validation of HPLC methods.
- 12. Discuss the principle and instrumentation of IR spectroscopy.
- 13. Add a note on the instrumentation and applications of UV- spectrophotometer.
- 14. Explain the theory and instrumentation in flame photometry.
- 15. Explain in detail about the detectors used in gas chromatography.
- 16. Describe the construction and working of DSC and DTA.
- 17. Discuss different electrodes used in potentiometric titration.

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(5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

(10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

Code No: E-12355

Max. Marks: 70

Pharm D III-Year (6 YDC) (Main & Backlog) Examination, October 2023 Subject: Pharmaceutical Formulations

Time: 3 Hours

PART - A

(10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

 $(5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks})$

Note: Answer all the questions.

- 1. Mention the various vehicles used in preparation of parenteral with examples.
- 2. Define displacement value and mention its importance.
- 3. What are suspending agents? Give suitable examples.
- 4. Write a note on LAL test.
- 5. Differentiate between sugar coating and film coating.
- 6. What are the differences between soft and hard gelatin capsules?
- 7. Define flocculation and coalescence.
- 8. Define an emulsion and mention the tests conducted to identify the type of an emulsion.
- 9. Define LV and SVP with an example for each.
- 10. Explain bloom strength and write its importance.

PART - B

Note: Answer any five questions.

- 11. Explain about various qualify control tests for ophthalmic products.
- 12. Explain different methods used for manufacturing soft gelatin capsules.
- 13. Explain various quality control tests for tablets.
- 14. Explain different approaches for transdermal drug delivery system.
- 15. Explain in detail about formulation of parenteral preparations.
- 16. What are suppositories? Write about bases used in different suppository preparation.
- 17. Define and classify ointments. Explain in detail about the preparation of ointments.

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Max. Marks: 70

Max.Marks:70

FACULTY OF PHARMACY

Pharm. D III-Year (6 YDC) (Main & Backlog) Examination, September 2023 Subject: Pharmacology – II

Time: 3 Hours

PART-A

(10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

 $(5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks})$

1. Write a note on antiplatelets.

Note: Answer all the questions.

- 2. Write the adverse effects of aminoglycosides.
- 3. Write a note on OECD guidelines.
- 4. Write the adverse effects of Meropenems.
- 5. Write a note on antibiotic resistance.
- 6. Write the mechanism of action of praziquantel.
- 7. Write the structure of mRNA.
- 8. List out the methods of gene sequencing.
- 9. What is genetic code and mention its characteristics.
- 10. Write a note on apixaban.

PART-B

Note: Answer any five questions.

- 11. Write the Pharmacology of carbonic anhydrase inhibitors and loop diuretics.
- 12. Explain the pharmacology of direct thrombin inhibitors.
- 13. Classify Anticancer agents. Discuss the pharmacology of antimetabolites.
- 14. Write in detail about DNA recombinant technology and its applications.
- 15. Write mechanism of action, ADRs and uses of the following drugs(a) Vancomycin (b) Isoniazid
- 16. Write in detail about (a) Gene therapy (b) RNA processing.
- 17. Discuss in detail about toxicity studies.
- 18. Write in detail about MAPK signaling pathways.

LIBRARY ST.PAULS COLLEGE OF PHARMACY HYDERABAD

Pharm D III Year (6 YDC) (Main & Backlog) Examination, September 2023 Subject: Medicinal Chemistry

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

Note: Answer all the questions.

1. Define scabicide with examples.

- 2. Give two structural examples of Macrolide antibiotics.
- 3. What is combinatorial chemistry? Write its application.
- 4. Give the classification of Local and anti-infective Agents and Write the structures of any three drugs.
- 5. Write the name and structure of drug used as anticonvulsant and anti arrhythmic agent?
- 6. What is hyper lipoproteinaemia? Give the list of drugs for treatment.
- 7. Classify alkylating agents Explain the MOA, and structure of any two alkylating drugs?
- 8. Write the difference between penam and cepham?
- 9. Give structures, IUPAC name of any two sulphonamides used as antibacterials?
- 10. Give the applications of Diagnostic agents.

PART – B

Note: Answer any five questions.

 $(5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks})$

- 11. What is QSAR? Discuss its applications in drug design.
- 12. (a) Write the applications of prodrug with suitable examples.
 - (b) Outline the synthesis, mechanism of action, uses of the following: i) Ciprofloxacin ii) Metronidazole
- 13. (a) Write the classification of Penicillin's with examples and discuss their mechanism of action.
 - (b) Write the SAR of tetracycline.
- 14. (a) Write the classification of anti tubercular drugs giving one structural example for each class
 - (b) Discuss about plant products used as anti neoplastic agents.
- 15. (a) Write the SAR of thiazide diuretics.
 - (b) Write a note on antithyroid agents.
- 16. (a) Classify diuretics with examples. Write the synthesis of acetazolamide. (b) Write a note on macrocide agent.
- 17. (a) Write the structures and therapeutic uses of adrenocorticoids (b) Give the structure and uses of testosterone and progesterone
- 18. (a) Classify anti anginal agent with example. (b) Write the S.A.R of 7-chloro-4-amino guinoline.

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PART - A

Pharm D III Year (6 YDC) (Main & Backlog) Examination, September 2023

Subject: Pharmacotherapeutics – II

Time: 3 Hours

PART - A

Note: Answer all the questions.

- 1. Which factors should be considered while selecting an antibiotic for treatment of Meningitis?
- 2. Write a note on etiology and treatment of systemic fungal infections.
- 3. Briefly discuss the treatment options for management of Gonorrhoea.
- 4. What are the different types of Psoriasis?
- 5. Write a note on clinical presentation of Endocarditis.
- 6. Discuss the risk factors of Gout.
- 7. What are the common adverse effects of cancer chemotherapy?
- 8. Write a note on the complications of chronic kidney disease.
- 9. What are the stages of Breast cancer?
- 10. What is tumour lysis syndrome?

PART – B

Note: Answer any five questions.

$(5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks})$

- 11. Explain etiology, risk factors and pathogenesis of Urinary tract infections. Add a note on pharmacotherapy of uncomplicated lower urinary tract infection.
- 12. Give a detailed account of etiopathogenesis and antimicrobial therapy of bacterial meningitis. Discuss the role of steroidal adjunctive therapy in meningitis.
- 13. Describe the general approach to management of Sepsis with the help of

an algorithm.

- 14. (a) Explain the guidelines related to the rational use of antibiotics.
 - (b) Differentiate rheumatoid arthritis and osteoarthritis.
- 15. (a) Give a detailed description of management of acute gout.
 - (b) Briefly describe the mechanism of radio contrast media and aminoglycoside induced renal disease.
- 16. Explain the following
 - (a) Basic principles of cancer chemotherapy
 - (b) Management of chemotherapy induced nausea and vomiting.
- 17. Discuss the therapeutic management of (a)Impetigo (b)Malaria.
- 18. Define pneumonia. Explain different etiologies of community acquired pneumonia and its management in detail.

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$(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

Max. Marks: 70

Code No: D-8035

FACULTY OF PHARMACY

Pharm-D III-Year (6-YDC) (Instant) Examination, May 2022

Subject: Pharmacology - II

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

PART- A

Note: Answer all questions:

- 1 Write a note on antiplatelet agents.
- 2 Write the adverse effects anti cancer agents.
- 3 Define immunomodulators and mention any two examples.
- 4 Write the adverse effects of Meropenems.
- 5 Write a note on antibiotic resistance.
- 6 Write the mechanism of action pyrimethamine..
- 7 Write the structure of r RNA.
- 8 List out the method of gene sequencing.
- 9 What is genetic code and mention its characteristics?
- 10 Write a note on thrombolytics.

PART-B

Note: Answer any five questions:

(5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

- 11 Write the Pharmacology of Fondaparinux and Warfarin.
- 12 (a) Explain the pharmacology of anti diuretic hormones.(b) Write a note on acute toxicity studies.
- 13 Write a note on a) Sulphonamides b) Azithromycin c) Tetracyclines.
- 14 Classify Anticancer agents. Discuss the pharmacology of antimetabolites.
- 15 Write in detail about a) Gene therapy b) RNA processesing.
- 16 Discuss in detail about anti fungal agents.
- 17 Explain in detail about MAPK signalling pathways in eukaryotic cells.
- 18 Write in detail about DNA recombinant technology and its applications.

FACULTY OF PHARMACY Pharma. D III Year (6-YDC) (Instant) Examination, May 2022 Subject: Medicinal Chemistry

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

Note: Answer all questions.

- (10 x 2 = 20 Marks)
- 1 Give two structural examples of Cephalosporins
- 2 Explain the mechanism of action of Sulfadrugs with examples
- 3 Give two examples and therapeutic uses of antitubercular drugs
- 4 Mention the applications of QSAR
- 5 Write two examples of Antihelmenthic drugs
- 6 Write the name and structure anti arrhythmic agents
- 7 Write the structure and uses of chloramphenicol
- 8 Give the classification of prodrugs
- 9 Explain the mechanism of action and uses of Metformin
- 10 Give the applications of Diagnostic agents

PART – B

Note: Answer any five questions.

(5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

- 11 Define QSAR. Explain in detail the parameters of QSAR.
- 12 (a) Classify antifungal agents with examples.
- (b) Write the mechanism of action of any two classes of antifungal
- drugs. 13 (a) Give the classification of Penicillins with examples.
 - (b) Write the SAR and mechanism of action of Tetracyclins.
- 14 (a) Classify Antihelmetics agents with examples.
 - (b) Write the synthesis and mode of action
 - (i) Diethyl carbamazine citrate (ii) Ethambutol
- 15 What is Prodrug? What are the types of Prodrugs? Explain in detail its applications along with examples.
- 16 (a) Classify antianginal agents with examples.
 - (b) Write the mechanism of action of:
 - (i) Loop diuretics (ii) Thiazide diuretics
- 17 (a) Write a short notes on Hypoglycemic agents.
 - (b) Write the structure and uses of (i) Testosterone (ii) Progesterone.
- 18 (a) Classify calcium channel blockers? Write its mechanism of action and SAR.
 - (b) Write the synthesis of (i) Verapamil (ii) Nefidepine.

Code No. D-8038

FACULTY OF PHARMACY Pharma. D III Year (6-YDC) (Instant) Examination, May 2022 Subject: Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

Note: Answer all questions.

(10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1 What are the objectives of Pharmacy Act 1948?
- 2 What is Schedule X & Schedule Y as per Drug & Cosmetic Act?
- 3 Define Drugs as per D & C Act?
- 4 What is Repacking licence
- 5 Write the function of Drug Consultative Committee?
- 6 Define Drug & Magic Remedies Act
- 7 Give the labelling requirements for Schedule H drug
- 8 What are Prescription & Non Prescription drugs
- 9 Write the objectives of essential commodities Act 1955?
- 10 Enlist the two Central Government factories where Opium Manufactured

PART – B

Note: Answer any five questions.

(5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

- 11 Explain the Constitution & functions of PCI?
- 12 Define Patent? Explain the Patentable invention and Non-Patentable invention.
- 13 Explain about the Schedule M of Drugs & Cosmetic Act?
- 14 Explain the Construction of Bonded & Non-Bonded Laboratory?
- 15 Explain in detail Construction and warehousing of alcoholic preparations?
- 16 Explain in detail objectives and targets of National Drug Policies 2002?
- 17 Explain cultivation, production and manufacturing of Opium under NDPS Act?
- 18 Give the various offences and penalties mentioned under NDPS Act and Rules?

Pharma. D III Year (6-YDC) (Instant) Examination, May 2022 Subject: Pharmacotherapeutics - II

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

(10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

1 Write a brief note on spondylitis

Note: Answer all questions.

- 2 Define Acute renal failure based on AKIN criteria
- 3 Give clinical presentation of Eczema
- 4 What are the commonly occurring protozoal infections
- 5 Define and classify Leukemias
- 6 List out diagnostic criteria for viral infections.
- 7 What are the criteria for diagnosing rheumatoid arthritis as per American college of Rheumatology?
- 8 Write the pathophysiology for chemotherapy induced nausea and vomiting
- 9 Mention the etiology for psoriasis
- 10 What are the common pathogens causing meningitis? Add a note on the clinical presentation.

PART – B

Note: Answer any five questions.

 $(5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks})$

- 11 (a) What are the risk factors for Breast cancer?
 - (b) Write a note on treatment of early Breast cancer.
- 12 (a) Describe the various strategies used to treat Osteoarthritis.
- (b) Discuss pharmacological treatment of Rheumatoid arthritis.
- 13 Explain the causes, clinical presentation and treatment for lower respiratory tract infections.
- 14 Write in detail about the approach for antimicrobial regimen selection.
- 15 (a) Write the treatment algorithm for management of Leukemias.
 - (b) Explain the role of colony stimulating factors in acute myeloid leukemia.
- 16 (a) Write the management for complications in CKD.(b) Write the management for drug induced renal disease.
- 17 (a) Explain the role of integrase inhibitors and entry inhibitors in the treatment of HIV infection along with examples.
 - (b) Write in brief note on newer diagnosis tests for tuberculosis.
- 18 (a) Write the pathogen involved and the pharmacotherapy for Gonorrhea.(b) Etiopathogenesis of Syphilis.

Code No. D-8036

FACULTY OF PHARMACY Pharm D III Year (6-YDC) (Instant) Examination, May 2022

Subject: Pharmaceutical Analysis

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer all questions from Part-A, any five questions from Part-B.

PART - A (20 Marks)

- 1 What are the different sources of quality variation?
- 2 Define (a) Frontal analysis (b) Elution analysis.
- 3 Differentiate between GLC and GSC.
- 4 Define the terms (a) Residual current (b) Diffusion current.
- 5 Define Beer's Lamberts law.
- 6 Describe the process of quenching.
- 7 Discuss the effect of solvent on absorption spectra.
- 8 Add a note on applications of x-ray diffraction.
- 9 Write the principle involved in the polarimetry.
- 10 What are the different types of paper chromatography?

PART - B (50 Marks)

- 11 Explain the ICH guidelines.
- 12 (a) Describe the principle, instrumentation involved in HPTLC.
 - (b) Describe the different types of carrier gases in Gas chromatography with their advantages & disadvantages.
- 13 Describe any two reference electrodes and two indicator electrodes with their advantages and disadvantages.
- 14 Add a note on the instrumentation and applications of UV-spectrophotometer.
- 15 Explain the theory and instrumentation in flame photometry.
- 16 (a) Define Fragmentation and types of ions in mass spectroscopy.(b) Add a note on applications of polarimetry.
- 17 (a) Differentiate between DSC & DTA.
 - (b) Differentiate between atomic absorption spectrometry and atomic emission spectroscopy.
- 18 Define conductometric titrations. Describe the conductometric titration between strong acid versus strong base.

Code No. D-8040

FACULTY OF PHARMACY

Pharm. D III - Year (6-YDC) (Instant) Examination, May 2022

Subject: Pharmaceutical Formulations

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

PART – A

(10 x 2 = 20 Marks)

- 1 Define dosage form and classify sterile dosage forms.
- 2 Describe process of compression cycle in rotary compression machine in tablet manufacturing.
- 3 What are ideal requirements of parenteral dosage forms?
- 4 Discuss properties of enteric film formers and mention examples.
- 5 Define base adsorption give the formula.

Note: Answer all the questions.

- 6 Differentiate between flocculated and deflocculated suspensions.
- 7 Define novel drug delivery system, give its objectives.
- 8 Define TDDS and list out components of TDDS.
- 9 Write and define different types of jellies.
- 10 State different types of glass container used for parenterals.

PART – B

Note: Answer any five questions.

(5 x 10 = 50 Marks)

- 11 Classify and explain properties of different types of tablets.
- 12 Write a note on formulation and evaluation of suspensions.
- 13 Make a note on formulation of parenteral dosage forms.
- 14 (a) Write short note on ointment bases.(b) Mention labelling requirements of ophthalmic preparations.
- 15 Write a note on factors affecting absorption of ophthalmic preparations.
- 16 Write in detail about parenteral drug delivery system.
- 17 Discuss elaborately production and filling of hard gelatin capsules.
- 18 Enumerate objectives of ophthalmic drug delivery system, give note ocular inserts with examples.

Code No: 12460

FACULTY OF PHARMACY

Pharm-D III-Year (6-YDC) (Main & Backlog) Examination, October 2021 Subject:

Pharmacology - II

Time: 2 Hours

PART-A

Note: Answer any six questions:

1. Write a note on Acute toxicity studies as per OECD guidelines.

- 2. Mention the complications of potassium sparing diuretics.
- 3. Define coagulants. Explain Vit.K.
- 4. Write the adverse effects of Isoniazid.
- 5. Write briefly about macro molecular assemblies.
- 6. Write the mechanism of action Methotrexate.
- 7. Write a note on tumour suppressor genes.
- 8. Define mutations, deletions and amplifications.
- 9. Write the advantages of carbapenems over pencillins.
- 10. Write a note on oncogenes.

PART-B

Note: Answer any four questions:

$(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ Marks})$

- Classify anticoagulants. Write the Pharmacology of Warfarin and Heparin. 11.
- 12. Classify diuretics. Write the Pharmacology of Loop diuretics and carbonic anhydrase inhibitors.
- 13. Classify Anticancer agents. Discuss the pharmacology of alkylating agents.
- 14. Write a note on a) Chronic toxicity studies b) immune modulators.
- 15. Write the Pharmacology of a) Pencillins b) Aminoglycosides.
- 16. Write in detail about a) Gene expression b) Gene mutations.
- 17. Discuss protein synthesis in detail.
- 18. Write in detail about MAPK signalling pathways in eukaryotic cells.

Max. Marks: 70

 $(6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

FACULTY OF PHARMACY Pharma. D III Year (6-YDC) (Main & Backlog) Examination, October 2021 Subject: Medicinal Chemistry

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer any six questions from Part A, Answer any four questions from Part B. $PART - A (6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

- 1 What are various parameter used in QSAR
- 2 Give two structures of Antitubercular drugs
- 3 Write the application of combinational chemistry
- 4 Give the classification of Local and anti infective Agents and Write the structures of any three drugs
- 5 Write the mechanism of action and uses of Metronidazole and Pyrizinamide
- 6 Write the advantages of Prodrugs
- 7 Give the structures and write the uses of any two tetracyclins
- 8 Write the mechanism of action of Enalpril and Acetazolamide
- 9 Write the structure and medicinal use of chloramphenicol
- 10 Write the mechanism of action of Loop Diuretics with examples

PART – B (4 x 10 = 40 Marks)

- 11 What is QSAR? Discuss its applications in drug design.
- 12 (a) Write the classification of Pencillins with examples and discuss their mechanism of action.
 - (b) Write the SAR of tetracycline.
- 13 (a) Classify Sulfadrugs. Give one example with structure for each class.(b) Outline the synthesis of (I) Sulfanilamide (II) Chlorambucil
- 14 (a) Write the SAR of thiazide diuretics.
 - (b) Write a note on antithyroid agents.
- 15 Write the synthesis, mechanism of action of following drugs (i) Cephalexin (ii) Isoniazid (iii) Metronidazole.
- 16 (a) Classify diuretics with examples. Write the synthesis of Acetazolmide.(b) Write a note on ACE inhibitors.
- 17 (a) Give a brief account on steroidal hormones.
 - (b) Outline the synthesis of Tolbutamide and metformin.
- 18 (a) Classify antihyperlidemic agents and write the synthesis any one of them.
 - (b) Write a note on diagnostic agents.

FACULTY OF PHARMACY Pharma. D III Year (6-YDC) (Main & Backlog) Examination, October 2021 Subject: Pharmaceutical Jurisprudence

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer any six questions from Part A, Answer any four questions from Part B.

PART - A (6 x 5 = 30 Marks)

- 1 What is Repacking licence
- 2 Define Cosmetics as per D & C Act
- 3 Write the function of Government Analyst
- 4 Define Spurious drug
- 5 Write the objectives of Drug & Magic Remedies Act
- 6 Write the objectives of essential commodities Act 1955
- 7 Give the labelling requirements for Opthalmic preparations
- 8 What are 'Patent' & 'Patentee' under Patent & Design Act
- 9 Write the constitution of Animal Ethical Committee
- 10 What are Non Prescription drugs? Give its examples

PART - B (4 x 10 = 40 Marks)

- 11 Explain the Constitution & functions of PCI?
- 12 Explain in detail about the Schedule Y of Drugs Cosmetic Act?
- 13 Explain in detail Design, Construction & Manufacturing in Bonded Laboratory?
- 14 Explain in detail about the Schedule M of Drugs & Cosmetic Act?
- 15 Give the various Offences & Penalties mentioned under NDPS Act?
- 16 What is a Patent? Write in detail the procedure for getting Patent.
- 17 What are the Powers and Duties of Drug Inspector?
- 18 Explain in detail on prevention of cruelty of Animal Act 1960?

FACULTY OF PHARMACY Pharma. D III Year (6-YDC) (Main & Backlog) Examination, October 2021 Subject: Pharmacotherapeutics – II

Time: 2 Hours Max. Marks: 70 Note: Answer any six questions from Part A, Answer any four questions from Part B. $PART - A (6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks})$

- 1 What are the signs and symptoms of SLE
- 2 What are the various types of psoriasis
- 3 What are the risk factors for breast cancer
- 4 Write a note on xanthine oxidase inhibitors and its role in management of Gout
- 5 Write the monitoring parameters for drugs used in T.B
- 6 Define community acquired and hospital acquired Pheumonia
- 7 What are the two major classes of genes involved in carcinogenesis? Give examples.
- 8 What is the role of dexamethasone in the treatment of chemotherapy induced nausea
- 9 Write a note on amino glycoside induced renal disorders
- 10 What is the common regimen to treat Gonorrhoea

PART – B (4 x 10 = 40 Marks)

- 11 (a) Write the basic principles of cancer therapy.
 - (b) Write about different types of viral infections and their management.
- 12 (a) Write the guidelines for rational use of antibiotics.(b) Write a note on surgical prophylaxis of antibiotics for various surgeries.
- 13 Write the clinical presentation and management of (a) Scabies (b) Impetigo.
- 14 (a) Give a brief account on the vaccination for influenza.(b) Write a note on the treatment on malaria.
- 15 (a) Discuss the management of UTI.(b) What is the etiology for endocarditis?
- 16 Discuss pharmacological management of (a) Gastroenteritis (b) Septicemia.
- 17 Write a note on Pathophysiology of (a) LRTI (b) Syphilis
- 18 Write a note on haemodialysis. Mention the advantages and disadvantages of haemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis.

Pharm D III-Year (6-YDC) (Main & Backlog) Examination, October 2021 Subject: Pharmaceutical Analysis

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

Note: Answer any six questions from Part-A, any four questions from Part-B.

PART - A (6 x 5 = 30 Marks)

- 1 Define total quality management.
- 2 Explain the different types of ion exchange synthetic resins.
- 3 Define Gel filteration chromatography and affinity chromatography.
- 4 What are the different factors which affects column efficiency?
- 5 Give Ilkovic's equation.
- 6 What are the limitations of Beer Law?
- 7 What are the different types of transitions in organic molecules?
- 8 What are fluorescent indicators? Give examples.
- 9 Define (a) optical rotatory dispersion (b) circular dichroism.
- 10 Write the applications of electrophoresis.

PART - B (4 x 10 = 40 Marks)

- 11 (a) Define GLP. What are the different requirements to maintain GLP?(b) Explain the importance of ISO 9000.
- 12 (a) Describe the derivatisation techniques in Gas chromatography.
 - (b) Add a note on applications of lon exchange chromatography.
- 13 (a) What are the different methods of detecting end point? Describe two methods in brief.
 - (b) Add a note on different columns in HPLC.
- 14 Describe the principle, instrumentation applications in UV-spectroscopy with the help neat diagram.
- 15 Explain the theory and instrumentation involved in flame photometry.
- 16 Add a note on applications of
 - (a) NMR spectroscopy
 - (b) Mass spectroscopy.
- 17 Explain the instrumentation and applications of
 - (a) DSC
 - (b) DTA.
- 18 (a) Describe the principle and instrumentation in paper electrophoresis.(b) Differentiate between TLC & HPTLC.

Code No. 12465

FACULTY OF PHARMACY

Pharm.D III Year (6-YDC) (Main & Backlog) Examination, October 2021 Subject:

Pharmaceutical Formulations

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

 $(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ Marks})$

PART – A

Note: Answer any six questions.

- (6 x 5 = 30 Marks)
- 1 Differentiate between HGC and SGC.
- 2 Discuss properties of diluents used in tablet manufacturing with examples.
- 3 Define bloom gel strength give its significance.
- 4 Define different solution dosage forms used for oral administration.
- 5 Explain vehicles used in parenteral dosage forms.
- 6 What are emulsifying agents and list out them?
- 7 Account the ideal requirement of drug candidates for sustain release dosage form development.
- 8 Mention differences between SVP and LVPs.
- 9 List out steps involved in sugar coating process.
- 10 Give the significance of displacement value in suppositories preparation.

PART – B

Note: Answer any four questions.

- 11 Write note on different granulation techniques and discuss compression stages of tablet manufacturing process.
- 12 Write in detail about IPQC tests conducted for parenteral dosage forms.
- 13 Mention merits and demerits of emulsion dosage forms and give brief note on stability of emulsions.
- 14 Write short note on syrups and mouthwashes.
- 15 Explain formulation types of jellies and methods preparation in detail.
- 16 Enumerate formulation and methods of preparation of suppositories.
- 17 Write a note on formulation and evaluation of TDDS.
- 18 Elaborately explain different containers used for sterile dosage form packaging.

Pharm D III-Year (6-YDC) (Instant) Examination, July 2021

Subject : Pharmacology - II

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer any Six Questions from Part-A, Answer any Four Questions from Part-B.

PART- A (6x5 = 30 Marks)

- 1 Define MIC and MBC.
- 2 Write the abnormalities of Robertsonian translocations.
- 3 What is Genetic code? Write its characteristic features.
- 4 Write clinical uses of Fibrinolytics.
- 5 Explain the structure and functions of Ribosomes.
- 6 Write the adverse effects of sulfonamides.
- 7 Write about albendazole.
- 8 Write the mechanism of action and adverse effects of methotrexate.
- 9 Explain briefly the role of P 53 in cell cycle regulation.
- 10 Write the Clinical indications of ADH and its analogues

PART- B (4x10 = 40 Marks)

- 11 Write note on
 - i) Macrolide antibiotics
 - ii) Cotrimoxazole
- 12 Write about DOTS and RNTCP Regimens for all the Categories of TB.
- 13 a) Write the pharmacology of Loop diuretics.b) Write notes on Antiplatelet drugs.
- 14 Explain the MAP Kinase and PI 3 Kinase signal transduction pathways.
- 15 What are Immunosuppressants? Write the pharmacology of calcineurin inhibitors and immunosuppressant regimens.
- 16 Write notes on
 - a) Anticancer alkylating agents and
 - b) Vectors used in DNA recombinant technology.
- 17 Describe in detail about transcription process in Prokaryotes.
- 18 a) Write short notes on Extended spectrum penicillin's and B-lactamase Inhibitors.b) Clinical applications of Gene therapy.

Pharm D (6-YDC) III-Year (Instant) Examination, July 2021

Subject : Medicinal Chemistry

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer any Six Questions from Part-A, Answer any Four Questions from Part-B.

PART- A (6x5 = 30 Marks)

- 1 Write the applications of QSAR
- 2 What are sulfadrugs? Draw any two structures of sulfadrugs.
- 3 Give the general structure and numbering of tetracycline and mention its pKa values.
- 4 Write about artemisinin derivatives and their therapeutic uses.
- 5 Write the structure and mechanism of action of aspirin.
- 6 Write the mechanism of action and uses of amino glycosides?
- 7 Draw ant two structures and write mechanism of action of Anticoagulants.
- 8 Write the mechanism of action and uses of dexamethasone.
- 9 Draw any two structures of Beta 1 blockers and their therapeutic uses.
- 10 Write the mechanism of action and uses of Metformin and Nifidepine.

PART- B (4x10 = 40 Marks)

- 11 What is combinatorial chemistry? Discuss in detail about various approaches used in combinatorial synthesis
- 12 a) Classify anti fungal agents with examples.b) Write the synthesis and mechanism of actions of metronidazole.
- 13 a) Classify anti AIDS agents with examples
 - b) Give the structure, synthesis and mechanism of action of Diethyl carbamazine citrate
- 14 a) Classify penicillins with examples, Write the SAR and mechanism of action Penicillins
 - b) Give the synthesis and Mechanism of action of chloroquine.
- 15 a) Define Hypertension. Classify Antihypertensive agents with examples. and write the structures of any two Antihypertensive drugs.
 - b) Write a note on Antianginal drugs?
- 16 a) Write the synthesis and uses of Metformin and Sulfanilamide
 - b) Write the structure and applications of any five Diagnostic agents.
- 17 a) Give the structures and mechanism of actions of Glucocorticoids?b) Write the Synthesis and uses of Propylthiouracil.
- 18 a) Write a short notes on antithyroid drugsb) Write the classification of oral hypoglycemicLibrary agents with examples.

Pharm D (6-YDC) III-Year (Instant) Examination, July 2021

Subject: Pharmaceutical jurisprudence

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer any Six Questions from Part-A, Answer any Four Questions from Part-B.

PART- A (6x5 = 30 Marks)

- 1. What are the functions of CDL (Central Drug Laboratory)
- 2. What is Schedule X & Schedule Y as per Drug & Cosmetic Act?
- 3. Define Cannabis & Opium?
- 4. What is Repacking licence?
- 5. Write the function of Drug Consultative Committee?
- 6. Define Drug & Magic Remedies Act?
- 7. Give the labelling requirements for Schedule H drug?
- 8. What are Prescription & Non Prescription drugs?
- 9. Write the Objectives of essential commodities Act 1955?
- 10. Enlist the two Central Government factories where Opium Manufactured?

PART - B (4 x 10 = 40 MARKS)

- 11. Define Patent? Explain the Patentable invention and Non-Patentable invention.
- 12. Explain the Constitution & functions of PCI?
- 13. Explain the Construction of Bonded & Non Bonded Laboratory?
- 14. Explain about the Schedule M of Drugs & Cosmetic Act?
- 15. Discuss Warehousing of Alcoholic Preparations in detail?
- 16. Give the Various Offences & Penalties mentioned under Narcotic & Psychotropic substances Act?
- 17. Enlist the prohibition of advertisement & penalties as per Drugs & Magic remedies Act?
- 18. Explain cultivation, production and Manufacturing of Opium under NDPS Act?

Code. No: 12175

FACULTY OF PHARMACY

Pharm D (6-YDC) III-Year (Instant) Examination, July 2021

Subject : Pharmacotherapeutics-II

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer any Six Questions from Part-A, Answer any Four Questions from Part-B.

PART- A (6x5 = 30 Marks)

- 1 What is the etiology for endocarditis?
- 2 Write a brief note on newer diagnosis tests for tuberculosis.
- 3 Differentiate Rheumatoid arthritis from osteoarthritis.
- 4 Write a brief note on diagnostic criteria for viral infections.
- 5 Mention the types of Eczema.
- 6 What are the clinical features of sepsis?
- 7 What are the two major classes of genes involved in carcinogenesis? Give examples.
- 8 Write a brief note on SLE.
- 9 Define acute renal failure based on AKIN criteria.
- 10 Mention the etiology for psoriasis.

PART- B (4x10 = 40 Marks)

- 11 Write a note on :
 - a) Management of malaria
 - b) Management of Gonorrhoea
- 12 a) Write the guidelines for rational use of antibiotics.
 - b) Write a note on surgical prophylaxis of antibiotics for various surgeries.
- 13 List out the opportunistic infections in HIV. Explain the role of integrase inhibitors and entry inhibitors in the treatment of HIV infection.
- 14 Classify Leukemia's Explain the management of Leukemia's
- 15 a) Write a note on clinical presentation and diagnosis of Rheumatiod Arthritis.b) Describe the various strategies used to treat Osteoarthritis.
- 16 How is pyelonephritis treated? Write the principle behind peritoneal dialysis along with a note on its complications.
- 17 What are the risk factors for Breast cancer? Write about the chemotherapy regimens for breast cancer.
- 18 Write the pathophysiology a) Impetigo b) Scabies

Pharm D (6-YDC) III-Year (Instant) Examination, July 2021

Subject: Pharmaceutical Analysis

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer any Six Questions from Part-A, Answer any Four Questions from Part-B.

PART- A (6x5 = 30 Marks)

- 1. Name the different types of electronic transitions in UV- visible spectrometry.
- 2. Name some fluorescent indicators.
- 3. Explain the principle involved in Gel electrophoresis.
- 4. Define the terms Blue shift and Red shift.
- 5. Explain the terms Residual current and diffusion current.
- 6. Give the Braggs equation.
- 7. Explain the different types of columns in gas chromatography.
- 8. What is Isocratic and gradient elution?
- 9. Describe the principle involved in the atomic absorption spectroscopy.
- 10. Name the different indicator electrodes used in potentiometric titrations.

PART- B (4x10 = 40 Marks)

- 11. Explain the principle and instrumentation of Gas chromatography.
- 12. Write short notes on
 - a. Effect of Oxygen on polarographic wave
 - b. Detectors used in the UV-Visible spectroscopy with their advantages and disadvantages.
- 13.a. Explain the different types of pumps in HPLC
 - b. Give the applications of affinity chromatography
- 14. Explain the principle and instrumentation of ESR.
- 15.a Add a note on different applications of X-ray diffraction.
 - b. Enumerate different types of detectors in IR spectroscopy.
- 16. Explain the instrumentation and applications of Fluorimetry.
- 17.a Describe the Fragmentation in mass spectroscopy with example.b. Calibration of UV Visible spectroscopy
- 18. a. Explain the instrumentation of DTA.b. Add a note on applications of polarimetry.

Pharm D (6-YDC) III-Year (Instant) Examination, July 2021

Subject: Pharmaceutical Formulations

Time: 2 Hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer any Six Questions from Part-A, Answer any Four Questions from Part-B. PART- A (6x5 = 30 Marks)

- 1. Define Base adsorption and gram / minim factor? Write its significance.
- 2. Define and classify tablets with examples.
- 3. Differentiate between Soft Gelatin capsules and Hard Gelatine capsules.
- 4. Explain about Enteric coating process.
- 5. What are the different evaluation tests for emulsion?
- 6. Write a brief note on preparation of Gelatine.
- 7. Explain the differences between flocculated and deflocculated Suspensions.
- 8. Describe Suspending agents with examples.
- 9. Write briefly about Nasal absorption enhancers.
- 10. What is the significance of isotonicity adjustment in Parenterals?

PART – B (4×10 = 40 Marks)

- 11. Explain the defects of Film coating process.
- 12. Define dosage form? Classify dosage form with suitable examples.
- 13. a) How will you evaluate physical stability of Suspensions?b) Explain Ointment bases with examples.
- 14. Explain shell formulations of Hard Gelatine Capsules. Write about different sizes of HGC with their capacities.
- 15. What are the criteria for selection of NDDS? Write a brief note on mechanism of Nasal absorption.
- 16. a) Explain formulation additives of Eye ointments.b) Write about the different bases used for preparation of Suppositories.
- 17. Explain the quality control tests for Parenterals.
- 18. a) Discuss different factors affecting absorption of drugs through skin.b) Explain different types of containers used for Parenterals.