

Guidelines for Abstract Submission

FORMAT OF ABSTRACT (template provided for reference) –

- ✓ Title: 12 font size, times new roman, normal, bold
- ✓ Authors With The Name Of Institution: 12 Font Size, Times New Roman, Normal, Bold, Separated With Commas
- ✓ Affiliations: Department, Name Of The College, Complete Address
- ✓ Abstract: Not More Than 250 Words
- ✓ Keywords: Not More Than 6 Keywords, Italic Bold
- ✓ Single spacing, A4 Margin

SUBMISSION OF ABSTRACT

- ✓ Abstracts have to be submitted by email: spcppharmavridhi4@gmail.com
- ✓ Shortlisted abstracts for the competition will be intimated through email.
- ✓ Presentation certificate will be given to presenting author. To get presentation certificates to participants/Co authors, all others should be registered.

PLEASE USE THE TEMPLATE FOR REFERENCE**TITLE: (Times New Roman, 14 font size, upper case, Bold)****AUTHORS:(Max 3 Authors)****AFFILIATION:**

- 1. Department, Name of the college, College Address, Pin**
- 2. Department, Name of the college, College Address, Pin code.**
- 3. Department, Name of the college, College Address, Pin code.**

PRESENTING AUTHOR EMAIL ID:**ABSTRACT: (Not more than 250 words)****KEY WORDS: not more than 6 (Italic & Bold)**

SAMPLE TEMPLATE**FORMULATION DESIGN, OPTIMIZATION AND IN-VIVO
CHARACTERIZATION OF NATURAL RETARDANT POLYMERS
BASED SUSTAINED RELEASE NATEGLINIDE MATRIX TABLET FOR
DIABETES BY 2³ FACTORIAL DESIGN****Deepika B*, K. Sujatha***Research scholar, Faculty of Pharmacy, Sri Ramachandra Institute of Higher Education and Research, Chennai*

The scope of the work is to develop and characterize the behavior of natural retardant polymers, such as hibiscus leaves extract, tamarind seed powder, and zein powder as matrix-forming agents for the development of sustained-release tablets containing Nateglinide for the treatment of diabetes mellitus. The optimized formulations were selected among three natural retardants based on pre-compression and post-compression evaluations and subjected to in-vivo studies. The swelling and erosion of Nateglinide tablets were well influenced by natural retardants and showed slower and extended drug release with more intense erosion in the medium. Nateglinide was released slowly from matrix tablets, both in acidic (pH 1.2 HCl) and basic medium (pH 7.4 phosphate buffer). And followed the super case II transport mechanism (kinetics- controlled delivery) in the first 2 hrs, the Nateglinide dose was released in sustained between 5 and 22hrs of dissolution. The matrix tablets were prepared with an average weight of 300 ± 0.26 mg and hardness up to 5.79 ± 1.16 kg.cm², in-vitro release profile was slow and continuous, lasted 24 hours, and showed more extended-release compared to commercially available Nateglinide tablets Starlix and Natelide. The results suggested using natural retardants for the treatment of Diabetes mellitus over long periods.

Keywords: Polymers, Sustained Release, Nateglinide, Matrix Tablet, Factorial Design